



La machine à coudre

««L'enfilage»»



$$R = \frac{U}{I} \quad k = \pm \sqrt{\frac{2m}{\hbar^2} (E - V_0)}$$

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 \Sigma I;$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$\vec{\psi} = \iint_{S_2} \vec{D} \cdot d\vec{S} = AD \quad \phi = \frac{2\pi \sin^2 \alpha}{\lambda}$$

$$(\vec{E} \times \vec{B})$$

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{f} \quad \lambda^* T = b \quad V = c/\lambda$$

$$E = mc^2$$

$$\vec{F}_m = \vec{B} I \ell = \frac{\mu I_1 I_2}{2\pi d} \ell$$

$$M_e = \sigma T^4$$

$$E = \hbar \omega \quad R_m = \frac{C}{T} \quad v_k = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar M_z}{R_z}}$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{X_C} - \frac{1}{X_L} \right]^2$$

$$F_g = \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{AU}$$

$$E = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}$$

$$r$$

$$\eta = \frac{\tan \alpha'}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{d}{f}$$

$$= Shp g$$

$$\phi_e = \frac{\Delta E}{\Delta t}$$

$$\frac{\omega_1}{X} + \frac{\omega_2}{X'} = \frac{\omega_2 - \omega_1}{X}$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\sin \beta} = \frac{v_1}{v_2} = \frac{\omega_2}{\omega_1}$$

LA
Couture

C'est facile

